## $\mathbf{\tilde{D}}\mathbf{\tilde{E}}$ THI HỌC KÌ $\mathbf{2} - \mathbf{\tilde{D}}\mathbf{\tilde{E}}$ Số $\mathbf{1}$

### **MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 10 ENGLISH DISCOVERY**

### BIÊN SOẠN: BAN CHUYÊN MÔN LOIGIAIHAY.COM

I. Choose the word v	whose underlined part	is pronounced differen	ntly.
<b>1.</b> A. dou <u>b</u> t	B. de <u>b</u> t	C. bom <u>b</u> er	D. ta <u>b</u> let
<b>2.</b> A. pos <u>t</u> age	B. lis <u>t</u> en	C. fas <u>t</u> en	D. cas <u>t</u> le
II. Choose the word	that has a different str	ressed syllable from th	e rest.
3. A. conserve	B. litter	C. exotic	D. recycle
<b>4.</b> A. environment	B. deforest	C. rainforest	D. container
III. Choose the best	option (A, B, C or D)	to complete each of the	e following sentences.
5. If the colour or fab	oric is not to your liking	g, simply send it back f	for a full
A. receipt	B. refund	C. discount	D. bonus
<b>6.</b> Residents have call	lled for a campaign to _	rubbish in	public places in the bins.
A. lay	B. put	C. place	D. set
7. During the Tet hol	liday, people often go t	o pagodas and temples	to pray good health and
fortune.			
A. to	B. for	C. at	D. with
8. In Vietnam, studen	nts to seco	ondary school when the	ey finish grade 5.
A. line up	B. move up	C. keep up	D. go up
9. Designer clothes _	at a high	her price nowadays.	
A. are often sold	B. is often sold	C. were often sold	D. are often selling
<b>10.</b> Michael asked	there were a	a lot of ecotours in Việ	t Nam.
A. for	B. where	C. is	D. whether
11. The smoke from	is a mean	ingful sign of prayers g	going up to heaven.
A. insence	B. inscent	C. incence	D. incense
12. Our school has a	large whe	ere we can play footbal	1.
A. sports field	B. cafeteria	C. staff room	D. classroom
<b>13.</b> There are only	items of clo	othes in this shop that fi	it me.
A. a little	B. any	C. a few	D. many
<b>14.</b> It is important to	protect the environmen	nt the harr	nful effects of tourism.
A. from	B. for	C. with	D. of
<b>15.</b> If I	you, I would take that	red dress.	
A. was	B. were	C. am	D. have been
IV. Write the correct	t forms of the words in	brackets.	
16 Vou can buy the	se bracelets on special (	offer at the local	(IEWELLERY)

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<b>17.</b> cloth	es are often sold at hig	ther prices yet with bet	ter quality. (DESIGN	)
18. Ecotourism progra	ammes provide immed	iate benefits to local _	(COMM	UNITY)
<b>19.</b> tours	have saved a lot of en	dangered animals. (CC	ONSERVE)	
20. During Buddha's	Birthday, pe	eople gather around page	godas and temples to	light up lanterns and
leave them on the rive	er. (CELEBRATE)			
V. Listen to a radio in	nterview about buying	at a charity shop and	decide whether the fo	ollowing sentences
are true (T) or false (	<b>F</b> ).			
21. Buying clothes in	charity shops is fun bu	it expensive.		
<b>22.</b> Maxine is a fashio	on design student.			
<b>23.</b> Kings Road is in V	West London.			
<b>24.</b> Chelsea is well-kr	nown for its clothes sho	ops.		
25. It's possible that N	Maxine bought a dress	that belonged to a cele	brity.	
VI. Read the text and	choose the best option	n (A, B, C or D) to con	aplete each of the bla	ınk below.
The idea of ecotourism	n as an environment-ba	ased, ethically delicate	figure of tourism was	(26) with
enthusiasm since ther	re seemed to be some	sufferers. Governmen	ts were provided suit	table escape plans as
ecotourism satisfied th	ne eco-conservationists	and regional population	ons (27)st	ill rendered earnings.
Eco-conservationists	observed ecotourism a	as an option to mass to	ourism as well as (28	3) natural
resource abusing way	s. Regional population	ns thought of getting	at least a part of the	vacationist's money,
generating employme	nt possibilities and pro	oviding them control o	ver the impact (29)	their own
communities. It appear	ared that the advantage	es of mass tourism wer	re to be developed in	the modern phase of
ecotourism (30)	ethical, commu	nal and ecological elen	nents.	
<b>26.</b> A. set up	B. taken up	C. driven up	D. given up	
<b>27.</b> A. so	B. but	C. and	D. or	
<b>28</b> . A. its	B. their	C. our	D. his	
<b>29.</b> A. in	B. by	C. with	D. on	
<b>30.</b> A. including	B. to include	C. include	D. included	
		_	(m)	

#### VII. Read the passage and decide whether the sentences are True (T), False (F) or Not Given (NG).

#### Text A: India

Indian house-warming gifts can get a little bit messy. In Indian culture, it's common to bless a new house by mixing milk and rice together and boiling the mixture until it overflows. This ritual is the symbol of wealth and a long life. If you really don't mind making a mess, another house-warming gift that you can offer the homeowners is a cow. When you bring the cow inside the new home, remember to put on a holy garland around its neck. This seems strange when you turn your house into a farm, but it makes a lot of sense for cows which are important in Indian culture.

#### Text B: Russia

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Bringing bread and salt into a new home is a nice house-warming gift for they have meaningful symbols. A gift of bread helps make sure that the homeowners will never go hungry, and salt will offer a life full of flavours. This ritual took place in Russia a while ago and now many countries also practis—e this tradition as well. What's more interesting is that even astronauts from space bring bread and salt before they go inside the Space Station. Another interesting ritual in Russia is letting your cat enter the house before you do. The reason the Russians do this is that they believe this will bring good luck for the owners. A bank in Russia even lent cats to its customers for 2 hours each time.

31. Both paragraphs mention rituals that involve animals.

**36.** There isn't anyone in this shop who is available to help me.

- **32.** In Indian tradition, the mixture of rice and milk represents a long life.
- **33.** Before going to a house-warming party in Russia, guests can offer homeowners some bread to not feel hungry.
- **34.** Both paragraphs mention the mixture of milk and bread as house-warming gifts.
- 35. Russian people often let the cow enter their house first before they do because this will bring good luck.

#### VIII. Use the words in capitals to rewrite the sentences. Do not change the given word.

=	=> There is
3	37. Nam asked his father, 'Where do you see the elephants?'
=	=> Nam asked his father
3	<b>38.</b> I am not rich, I can't take my whole family on a packaged tour to Europe.
=	=> If
3	39. There is a nice café. We can go there. (where)
=	=>
4	<b>10.</b> I don't have enough money to buy designer clothes. (afford)
=	=> I can't
	THE END