ĐỀ THI GIỮA HỌC KÌ 1 – ĐỀ SỐ 2 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 11 ENGLISH DISCOVERY



I. PHONETICS

Find the word which	has a different sound	in the part underlin	ed.			
1. A. app <u>e</u> tite	B. bitt <u>e</u> r	C. rott <u>e</u> n	D. dessert			
2. A. <u>e</u> xcess	B. detox	C. weird	D. sw <u>e</u> et			
3. A. f <u>a</u> tty	B. eleg <u>a</u> nt	C. <u>a</u> vocado	D. agriculture			
Find the word that ha	as a different stressed	syllable from the res	t.			
4. A. detox	B. rotten	C. nutritious	D. calorie			
5. A. dessert	B. fatty	C. excess	D. convinced			
II. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY						
Choose the correct ar	iswer.					
6. My uncle is a vegan	n. He fancies	in vegan restaura	ants.			
A. dining	B. dine	C. dined	D. to dine			
7. Jack is in the hospit	tal. He drank a bottle o	of milk a	an hour ago.			
A. sour	B. raw	C. unripe	D. rotten			
8. Let's have some ap	ple juice,	we?				
A. will	B. can	C. don't	D. shall			
9. When you go to a r	estaurant,	is often served last.				
A. starter	B. main course	C. dessert	D. excess food			
10. One cause of heart diseases is food.						
A. quick	B. junk	C. slow	D. ripe			
11. If you always consume too much fast food, you overweight now.						
A. don't always/would	d					
B. do/wouldn't be						
C. didn't/wouldn't be						
D. didn't/would be no	t					
12. People maintain th	neir strict diets	stay healthy and p	physically fit.			
A. so as						

B. in order to
C. not to
D. so that
13. Experts believe that people should turn off all electrical devices they can fall
asleep more easily.
A. in order
B. that
C. so that
D. in order for
14. She never eats processed food,?
A. is she
B. does she
C. doesn't she
D. isn't she
15. How much money they (spend) on upgrading the infrastructure of
the city so far?
A. do – spend
B. did – spend
C. are – spending
D. have – spent
III. READING
Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.
The Real Junk Food Project is an initiative founded by Adam Smith. Smith, who worked as a
head chef for a decade, became inspired to start the project while traveling in Australia.
Witnessing the enormous amount of food waste in the agricultural and catering (16),
he felt compelled to take action. The (17) of the project is to address the issue of
food waste by collecting discarded food from supermarkets and other sources and transforming
it into nutritious meals.
The scale of global food waste is staggering, with approximately one-third of all food produced
for human (18) being wasted each year. Smith founded The Real Junk Food Project

to bridge the gap between hunger and excess food, while also raising awareness about the magnitude of food waste.

In 2013, Smith opened the first Real Junk Food café in his hometown of Leeds. Since then, the concept has spread to various locations around the world, including Los Angeles, Brazil, Warsaw, and Zurich. The fundamental principle behind the project is simple: volunteers gather food from farms, restaurants, factories, and supermarkets. These collected (19) _____ are then used to prepare meals that are sold in the café. The unique aspect of the café is its "pay-as-you-feel" (PAYF) approach, which ensures that everyone can access the meals. Customers are encouraged (20) _____ what they believe the meal is worth based on their financial capacity. Additionally, individuals who cannot afford to purchase meals from the café have the opportunity to earn their meals by volunteering, such as assisting with tasks like washing dishes.

17. A. markets	B. countries	C. industries	D. fields
1 / • / 1. IIIai Kets	D. Counting	C. maasares	D. Helas

17. A. things B. aim C. narrative D. competition

18. A. consumption B. visualization C. lifestyle D. appetite

19. A. stuffs B. devices C. ingredients D. meals

20. A. to pay B. paid C. paying D. pay

Read the text and choose the correct answers.

Since 1986, the Japanese have enjoyed the highest life expectancy anywhere in the world. What makes the Japanese live longer than anyone else?

The rise in life expectancy started to happen in the 1950s as a result of medical advances. The next important step occurred in 1961 when everyone was able to get health insurance, not just the rich. Unlike in some countries, life expectancy is high for all classes of people, however much they earn.

The Japanese would like to increase life expectancy even more. A lot of people still smoke and people there are also becoming fatter as their diet changes. That is why people are looking more and more at the island of Okinawa which has the highest life expectancy in Japan. How is it possible that of every 100,000 people, 35 of them live to be over 100? One factor is the Okinawan diet. The people there eat more vegetables and beans and less meat and other animal products. Their lifestyle is also less stressed and more active. The island is less crowded and

many people have gardens which they work in during their free time. However things are changing even on Okinawa. The younger generation are leading a more 'western' lifestyle and 21. Life expectancy first started rising in Japan because of:

A. better medical treatment are starting to suffer because of it.

- B. health insurance
- C. changes to their diet
- 22. In Japan, there is little difference in life expectancy between
- A. men and women
- B. rich and poor
- C. old and young
- **23.** There is a growing problem in Japan of
- A. being overweight
- B. being stressed
- C. people smoking
- **24.** Okinawa are healthy because of
- A. their diet and lifestyle
- B. their diet only
- C. their lifestyle and the clean air
- **25.** What is likely to be discussed in the next part of the lecture?
- A. suggestions for Japan to increase life expectancy
- B. changes to Okinawa due to Western influence and their consequences
- C. how the Western lifestyle increases life expectancy

WRITING

Rearrange the given words to make complete sentences. Do not change the given words.

- 26. that / you / project. / me / telling / the / I / have / spot / won / for / a / Thank / in
- 27. confirm / would / to / the / starts. / project / information / some / I / when / like / about
- 28. I / to / August / for / camp? / Hanoi / need / before / project / Do / the / be / in

29. I / writing / school's / first / prize / am / the / I /	
/ confident / writing / last / won	
(9)	
30. your / look / reply. / forward / receiving / to / I	