

**ĐỀ THI GIỮA HỌC KÌ 2 – ĐỀ SỐ 8**

**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 10 ENGLISH DISCOVERY**



**BIÊN SOẠN: BAN CHUYÊN MÔN LOIGIAIHAY.COM**

**I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.**

1. A. distract      B. tablet      C. backpack      D. debate  
 2. A. decoy      B. educate      C. concordu      D. decrease  
 3. A. expensive      B. encounter      C. excellent      D. encourage

**II. Choose the word that has a different stressed syllable from the rest.**

4. A. remember      B. embarrass      C. disappoint      D. defining  
 5. A. Internet      B. creative      C. portable      D. benefit

**III. Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the following sentences.**

6. Gender equality \_\_\_\_\_ only when women and men enjoy the same opportunities.  
 A. will achieve      B. achieves      C. achieve      D. will be achieved
7. Women are more likely to be victims of \_\_\_\_\_ violence.  
 A. domestic      B. household      C. home      D. family
8. In Yemen, women have less \_\_\_\_\_ to property ownership, credit, training and employment  
 A. possibility      B. way      C. use      D. access
9. In Korea, many people still feel that women should be in charge of \_\_\_\_\_ after getting married.  
 A. housekeeping      B. homemaker      C. house husband      D. householder
10. Superstitions \_\_\_\_\_ an important part in the lives of many people in Viet Nam.  
 A. take      B. act      C. occupy      D. play
11. Traditionally, most Vietnamese people never \_\_\_\_\_ the floor during the first three days of the New Year.  
 A. sweep      B. paint      C. polish      D. resurface
12. They're excellent learning \_\_\_\_\_. You can store information, take notes, write essays and do calculations.  
 A. equipments      B. tools      C. gadgets      D. techniques
13. In English class yesterday, we had a discussion \_\_\_\_\_ different cultures.  
 A. around      B. about      C. for      D. from
14. Mrs Dawson said that we were \_\_\_\_\_ our lesson in the library next Monday.  
 A. having      B. making      C. reading      D. going
15. I really don't \_\_\_\_\_ the point of taking the exam when you are not ready for it.  
 A. take      B. have      C. mind      D. see

**IV. Give the correct form of each word in the brackets.**

16. On October 24, 1975, more than 25 thousand women in Iceland took a day off to emphasize the importance of women's \_\_\_\_\_ to the economy, both in paid and unpaid work. (CONTRIBUTE)
17. Gender equality is also a part of the \_\_\_\_\_ to the challenges facing society. (SOLVE)
18. The Intel programme tries to deliver the “four Cs” to grade-10 students: critical thinking, communication, collaboration, and \_\_\_\_\_. (CREATE)
19. Many digital textbooks are \_\_\_\_\_ updated and often more vivid, helpful, creative, and a lot of cheaper than those old heavy books. (CONSTANT)
20. An interactive whiteboard is an \_\_\_\_\_ device that helps students learn English in a more stimulating way. (ELECTRICITY)

**V. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

#### A POWERFUL INFLUENCE

There can be no doubt at all that the Internet has made a huge difference to our lives. Parents are worried that children spend too much time playing on the Internet, hardly (21) \_\_\_\_\_ doing anything else in their spare time. Naturally, parents are curious to find out why the Internet is so attractive, and they want to know if it can be (22) \_\_\_\_\_ for their children. Should parents be worried if their children are spending that much time watching their computers?

Obviously, if the children are bent over their computers for hours, (23) \_\_\_\_\_ in some game, instead of doing their homework, then something is wrong. Parents and children could decide how much use the child should make of the Internet, and the child should give his or her promise that it won't interfere with homework. If the child is not (24) \_\_\_\_\_ to this arrangement, parents can take more drastic steps. Dealing with a child's use of the Internet is not much different from negotiating any other sort of bargain about behavior.

Any parent who is seriously alarmed about a child's behavior should make an appointment to discuss the matter with a teacher. Spending time in front of the screen does not (25) \_\_\_\_\_ affect a child's performance at school. Even if the child is absolutely crazy about using the Internet, he or she is probably just going through a phase, and in a few months there will be something else to worry about!

21. A. always      B. rarely      C. never      D. ever
22. A. harming      B. harmful      C. hurting      D. hurtful
23. A. supposed      B. occupied      C. involved      D. absorbed
24. A. holding      B. sticking      C. following      D. accepting
25. A. possibly      B. necessarily      C. probably      D. consequently

**VI. Read the passage and choose the best answer.**

For Catherine Lumby, deciding to take on the role of breadwinner in her relationship was not a difficult choice. When she discovered she was pregnant with her first child, she had just been offered a demanding new role as Director of the Media and Communications department at the University of Sydney. But she didn't see this as an obstacle and was prepared to use childcare when the children were old enough. It came, therefore, as a surprise to Lumby and her husband Derek that, after the birth of their son, they couldn't actually bear the

thought of putting him into childcare for nine hours a day. As she was the one with the secure job, the role of primary care-giver fell to Derek, who was writing scripts for television. This arrangement continued for the next four years, with Derek working from home and caring for both of their sons. He returned to full-time work earlier this year.

Whilst Lumby and her husband are by no means the only Australians making such a role **reversal**, research suggests that they are in the minority. In a government-funded survey in 2001, only 5.5 percent of couples in the 30–54-year age group saw the women working either part- or full-time while the men were unemployed. The situation is likely to change, according to the CEO of Relationships Australia, Anne Hollands. She suggests that this is due to several reasons, including the number of highly educated women in the workforce and changing social patterns and expectations. However, she warns that for couples involved in role-switching, there are many potential difficulties to be overcome. For men whose self-esteem is connected to their jobs and the income it provides to the family, a major change of thinking is required. It also requires women to reassess, particularly with regard to domestic or child-rearing decisions, and they may have to learn to deal with the guilt of not always being there at key times for their children. Being aware of these issues can make operating in non-traditional roles a lot easier.

26. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. Men being the bread winners  
B. Traditional roles of women  
C. Women being the home makers  
D. Reversed roles between men and women

27. Catherine and her husband decided that Catherine would be the primary earner because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. she had a badly paid job  
B. she was not good at childcare  
C. she had a reliable job  
D. she wanted her husband to stay at home

28. They decided that Derek would look after their son because they \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. couldn't afford to put their child in care for long periods each day  
B. didn't want to put their child in care for long periods each day  
C. thought childcare was not safe enough for their children  
D. worried about their son's health problems

29. In paragraph 2, the word "**reversal**" is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stability  
B. modification  
C. rehearsal  
D. switch

30. One reason for a change in the number of men staying home is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the stability in the number of highly-educated women who are working  
B. the fall in the number of highly-educated women who are working  
C. the rise in the number of highly-educated women who are working  
D. the fluctuation in the number of highly-educated women who are working

**VII. Complete the second sentence with the same meaning to the first one.**

31. They will sue the company for wage discrimination. (**sued**)

=> The company \_\_\_\_\_.

32. There were fewer occasions for giving gifts in the past than those in modern societies. (**more**)

=> There are \_\_\_\_\_.

33. Nothing is more precious than happiness and health. (**most**)

=> Happiness and health \_\_\_\_\_.

34. Electronic devices are bad for your eyes. Their radiation is very harmful. (**whose**)

=> \_\_\_\_\_.

35. They may feel sad and bad about themselves. This might affect their performance at school. (**which**)

=> \_\_\_\_\_.

**VIII. Listen and fill in each blank with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS.**

36. It's a sign of bad luck if black cats walk \_\_\_\_\_ you or you step on their tails.

37. The superstition about black cats dates back to the \_\_\_\_\_ when they became associated with witches and evil spirits.

38. The early Egyptians believed that the shape of the Pyramids had a \_\_\_\_\_.

39. It was considered very bad luck to break the "power" of the pyramid shape by walking \_\_\_\_\_!

40. In addition, in Roman times, people believed that their reflections in \_\_\_\_\_ were in fact "glimpses of the soul".

-----THE END-----