

ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN THI HỌC KÌ 2**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 10 FRIENDS GLOBAL****BIÊN SOẠN: BAN CHUYÊN MÔN LOIGIAIHAY.COM****A. NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP****I. Từ vựng**

Unit 5. Ambition

+ Nghề nghiệp

+ Miêu tả nghề nghiệp

+ Các hoạt động khi làm việc

Unit 6. Money

+ Số đếm và tiền tệ

+ Cửa hàng và dịch vụ

+ Mua sắm

Unit 7. Tourism

+ Các điểm thu hút du khách

+ Miêu tả danh lam thắng cảnh

Unit 8. Science

+ Vật liệu

+ Miêu tả công nghệ

II. Ngữ pháp

1. will/ be going to

2. Câu điều kiện loại 1

3. Mệnh đề quan hệ

4. Câu điều kiện loại 2

5. Thì quá khứ hoàn thành

6. Thì hiện tại hoàn thành và quá khứ đơn

7. Câu tường thuật

8. Câu bị động (thì hiện tại đơn, quá khứ đơn, hiện tại hoàn thành, tương lai và khuyết thiếu)

B. BÀI TẬP**I. Từ vựng****Unit 5****Read the definitions and write the correct job.**

This person:

1. helps people to look after their teeth. _____

2. writes computer software. _____

3. flies an aeroplanes. _____
4. often looks after cows and other animals. _____
5. cuts people's hair. _____
6. helps people who are injured or ill in an emergency. _____
7. trains a person or team to make them better at a sport. _____
8. deals with people who arrive at a hotel, an office, etc. _____
9. designs and builds road, bridges, machines, etc. _____
10. helps people when they buy a house or have a legal problem. _____

Đáp án:

1. dentist	2. programmer	3. pilot	4. farmer	5. hairdresser
6. paramedic	7. sports coach	8. receptionist	9. engineer	10. solicitor

Unit 6

Where can you do these things? Complete the answers with the words below.

bank	charity shop	deli (delicatessen)	estate agent's
laundrette	DIY store	optician's	takeaway

Where can you ...

- 1 buy cold meat, cheese, olives, etc.? _____
- 2 buy a hot meal to eat at home? _____
- 3 keep your money? _____
- 4 get glasses for your eyes? _____
- 5 buy cheap second-hand things? _____
- 6 find houses and flats for sale? _____
- 7 wash your clothes? _____
- 8 buy things to decorate your house? _____

Đáp án:

1. deli (delicatessen)	2. takeaway	3. bank	4. optician's
5. charity shop	6. estate agent's	7. laundrette	8. DIY store

Unit 7

Answer the questions with the words below.

aquarium	botanical gardens	museum	palace	theme
park	tower	national park		

Where can you ...

- 1 enjoy nature and see exotic plants? _____
- 2 learn about interesting old objects? _____
- 3 see where members of the royal family live? _____

- 4 go on exciting rides? _____
- 5 get a great view of a city? _____
- 6 see fish and sharks? _____
- 7 see unusual trees, plants and flowers? _____

Đáp án:

1. wildlife park	2. museum	3. palace	4. theme park
5. tower	6. aquarium	7. botanical gardens	

Unit 8

Complete the sentences with the correct materials.

- 1 Shoes are often made of l _____
- 2 Expensive rings are often made of g _____
- 3 Car tyres are made of r _____
- 4 Cups and plates are often c _____ but sometimes they are made of c _____
- 5 Books are made of p _____
- 6 Pavements are often made of c _____
- 7 Gates and fences are sometimes made of i _____
- 8 Tents and backpacks are usually made of n _____
- 9 In the past, coins were often made of c _____

Đáp án:

1. leather	2. gold	3. rubber
4. ceramic - copper	5. paper	6. concrete
7. iron	8. nylon	9. copper

II. Ngữ pháp

Circle *will* or *be going to* to complete the predictions.

1. I don't think Chelsea *will/ are going to* win the Champions League next year. Their team isn't strong enough.
2. Look at those clouds. It *'ll / 's going to* snow.
3. Kat hasn't done any revision. She *won't / isn't going to* pass her exams.
4. That car is going much too fast! It *'ll / 's going to* crash!
5. I *will / am going to* email you tonight – I promise!
6. Jack's holding a tennis racket. He *'ll / 's going to* play tennis!

Đáp án:

1. will	2. 's going to	3. isn't going to
4. 's going to	5. will	6. 's going to

Exercise 2

Complete the dialogue using the first conditional.

Sarah: Do you fancy going to the café later?

Claire: No thanks. If i go to the café, I (1) _____ (fail) my exam on Monday.

Sarah: Really? What do you mean?

Claire: If I go to the café, I (2) _____ (see) Cathy. If i see Cathy, she (3) _____ (invite) me to her party. If she (4) _____ (invite) me to her party, I'll stay out on Saturday. If i stay out late on Saturday, I (5) _____ (sleep) all Sunday morning. If I sleep all Sunday morning, I (6) _____ (not do) any revision. If I (7) _____ (not do) any revision, I (8) _____ (fail) my exam on Monday!

Đáp án:

1. will fail	2. will see	3. will invite	4. invites
5. will sleep	6. won't do	7. don't do	8. will fail

Exercise 3

Join the two sentences with a relative pronoun (*who, which, where, or whose*).

1. I've lost the DVD. You gave it to me.

2. Who is the boy? he helped you with your homework.

3. Do you know that man? he's looking at us.

4. I open the cupboard we keep the the glasses there.

5. That's the girl. I saw you with her.

6. That's the boy. I borrowed his bicycle

Đáp án:

1. I've lost the DVD which you gave me.

2. Who is the boy who helped you with your homework?

3. Do you know the man who is looking at us?

4. I opened the cupboard where we keep the glasses.

5. That's the girl whom I saw you with.

6. That's the boy whose bicycle I borrowed.

Exercise 4

Complete the money-saving tips with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

READERS' top tips!

We asked readers what they would do if they needed to save money. Here are their ideas!

1. If we _____ (drive) more slowly, we _____ (not use) so much petrol.
2. If we only _____ (buy) the food we needed, we _____ (not throw) so much food away.
3. If we _____ (borrow) books and DVDs from libraries, we _____ (not have to) buy them.
4. If we _____ (drink) water from the tap rather than bottled water, we _____ (save) a lot of money.
5. If everyone _____ (wear) an extra jumper or two in the winter, they _____ (can) turn down their heating and save money.
6. If degree courses _____ (be) shorter, students _____ (spend) less on tuition fees and accommodation.
7. If we _____ (turn off) the lights every time we left a room, we _____ (not use) so much electricity.

Đáp án:

1. drove - wouldn't use	2. bought - wouldn't throw	3. borrowed - wouldn't have to	4. drank - would save
5. wore - could	6. were - would spend	7. turned off - wouldn't use	

Exercise 5

Rewrite the following sentences using one past perfect verb and one past simple verb.

1. I bought a ticket, then I checked the numbers.

After I'd bought a ticket, I checked the numbers.

2. We bought some chicken, then we made dinner.

When _____

3. My parents went out, then I got home.

When _____

4. The sun came out, then we arrived at the beach.

After _____

5. I took my bike apart, then I cleaned every piece.

After _____

6. It got dark, then we arrived at the hotel.

When _____

7. I spoke to my dad, then I applied for the job.

After _____

8. She read the letter, then she began to laugh.

When _____

Đáp án:

1. After I'd bought a ticket, I checked the numbers.
2. When we had bought some chicken, we made dinner.
3. When I got home, my parents had gone out.
4. After the sun had come out, we arrived at the beach.
5. After I had taken my bike apart, I cleaned every piece.
6. When we arrived at the hotel, it had got dark.
7. After I had spoken to my dad, I applied for the job.
8. When she had read the letter, she began to laugh.

Exercise 6

Complete the mini dialogues. Use the correct present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

1.

A: _____ ever _____ (you / have) a holiday in Turkey?

B: Yes, I _____. I _____ (spend) two weeks there last year.

A: Which cities _____ (you / visit)?

B: Only two. We _____ (start) in Istanbul and then _____ (travel) to Izmir.

2.

A: _____ ever _____ (you / try) an extreme sport?

B: No, I _____. But I _____ (learn) to ski last winter.

A: Really? _____ (you / enjoy) it?

B: Yes, I _____. In fact, yesterday I _____ (book) my next skiing holiday!

3.

A: _____ ever _____ (you / go) on a coach tour?

B: Yes, we _____. We _____ (go) across the USA by coach last July.

A: How long _____ (it / take)?

B: Three weeks. We _____ (stop) at lots of interesting places on the way.

4.

A: _____ ever _____ (you / eat) insects?

B: Yes, I _____. I _____ (buy) a bag of insects as a snack in Thailand. But I _____ (not enjoy) them very much.

Đáp án:

1. Have you ever had – have – did you visited – started – travelled	2. Have you ever tried – haven't – learned – Did you enjoy – did – booked
---	---

3. Have you ever gone – have – went – did it take – stopped

4. Have you ever eaten – have – bought – didn't enjoy

Exercise 7

Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. If necessary, change the pronouns, possessive adjectives and references to time and place.

1. John to Sue: 'I left a message for you yesterday.'

John told _____.

2. Mark: 'I'll top up my phone this evening.'

_____.

3. Jenny to Dave: 'I can't hear you.'

_____.

4. Ann: 'I've checked my balance three times this week.'

_____.

5. Jo to Si: 'You should turn off data roaming.'

_____.

6. Kate: 'I had already texted Harry at the weekend.'

_____.

7. Fran to Fred: 'I called Tom two days ago.'

_____.

Đáp án:

1. John told Sue he had left a message for her the day before.

2. Mark said he would top up his phone that evening.

3. Jenny told Dave she couldn't hear him.

4. Ann said she had checked her balance three times that week.

5. Jo told Si he should turn off data roaming.

6. Kate said she had already texted Harry the weekend before.

7. Fran told Fred she had called Tom two days earlier.

Exercise 8

Rewrite the sentences. Use the present perfect passive, future passive or passive with modal verbs. Use *by* where necessary.

1. Robots will build the cars in the new factory.

=> _____

2. We probably won't need desktop computers ten years from now.

=> _____

3. Digital cameras have replaced celluloid film cameras.

=> _____

4. Robots can help passengers with the check-in at the airports now.

=> _____

5. Using this electronic dictionary may enrich your vocabulary

=> _____

6. They haven't invented computers that can think like humans.

=> _____

Đáp án:

1. The cars will be built by robots in the new factory.

2. Desktop computers probably won't be needed ten years from now.

3. Celluloid film cameras have been replaced by digital cameras.

4. Passengers can be helped with the check-in at the airports now by robots.

5. Your vocabulary may be enriched by this electronic dictionary.

6. Computers that can think like humans haven't been invented.