ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN THI HỌC KÌ 2

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 7 ENGLISH DISCOVERY

📝 **BIÊN SOẠN: BAN CHUYÊN MÔN LOIGIAIHAY.COM**

A. NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP

I. Từ vựng

Unit 6. Schools

+ Các môn học và hoạt động ở trường

Unit 7. Shopping around

+ Các cửa hang và hàng hóa

Unit 8. Festivals around the world

+ Các hoạt động khác nhau tại các lễ hội

Unit 9. Future transport

+ Các phương tiện giao thông hiện tại & tương lai

II. Ngữ pháp

1. must/ should

2. used to

3. although/ despite

4. be going to / thì hiện tại tiếp diễn

5. Tính từ đuôi V-ing/Ved

6. however/ nevertheless

7. as as/ different from

8. will/ won't

III. Ngữ âm

1. Âm /ð/ & /θ/

2. Âm yếu

3. Phụ âm kép

4. Trọng âm của từ

B. BÀI TẬP

I. Từ vựng

<u>Unit 6</u>

Order the letters and write the words for subjects and activities in the sentences.

1. In _____ (obiogly), we learn about animals and plants around us.

2. In ____ (icysalph) education, we do exercises to stay healthy.

3. We sometimes draw a map in ____ (agrphgyoe) lessons.

4. We learn to ____ (sveol) equations in mathematics.

5. There are often ___ (escenic) laboratories for biology, chemistry and physics.

6. In ___ (areltriute), we study important books, plays, and poems.

7. In information ___ (ltchooyeng), we study how to use computer and design computer programs.

Đáp án:

1. biology	2. physics	3. geography	4. solve
5. science	6. literature	7. technology	

Unit 7

Complete the sentences with the correct words.

1. My young sister gets 40,000 VND _____ money a week from our parents.

2. I think you gave me the wrong ___. I gave you 80,000 VND.

3. Excuse me, how ___ are these jeans?

4. I bought this jumper last week in the winter ___ and it was very cheap.

5. Did you put your money in a ___ bank when you were a child?

6. Oh no! I left my ___ in the shop. There was a lot of money in it!

Đáp án:

1. pocket	2. change	3. much
4. shop	5. piggy	6. wallet

Exercise 8

Choose the correct answer.

1. Rio Carnival is the biggest holiday _____ in Rio de Janeiro.

A. celebration

B. parade

C. competition

2. If you go to Rio Carnival, you will be fascinated by _____.

A. formal clothes

B. sports clothes

C. colourful costumes

3. People on the riverbank are _____ for their rowing team.

A. shouting

B. cheering

C. crying

4. An age-old _____ in my country is to buy salt at Tết.

A. customary

B. custom

C. habit

5. Vietnamese people often have a big _____ on the last day of the lunar year.

A. meal

B. dinner

C. feast

Đáp án:

| 1. A | 2. C | 3. B | 4. B | 5. C |

Unit 9

Complete the following sentences using the correct words from the list.

traffic	safe	trains	plane	boarding pass	traffic jam
much	vehicle				

1. Parking near the school will cause severe _____ congestion.

2. Travelling by train is as _____ as travelling by plane.

3. People would benefit greatly from a pollution-free _____.

4. Check again! If you've lost your _____, you won't be able to enter the plane.

5. We spent a long time in a(n) _____ on our way to the airport and almost missed out flight.

6. I live near a railroad. The noise from the _____ makes me awake at night.

7. The cabin crew on the _____ was really helpful during the flight.

8. Taking the train doesn't cost as _____ as flying.

Đáp án:

1. traffic	2. safe	3. vehicle	4. boarding pass
5. traffic jam	6. trains	7. plane	8. much

II. Ngữ pháp

Exercise 1

Choose the correct option.

1. You *should / shouldn't / must* play computer games so much.

2. You are not good at English so you *should / shouldn't / must* skip English classes.

3. You *must / musn't / shouldn't* copy your friends' homework.

4. You *should / must / mustn't* wear a uniform on Monday and Friday.

5. You *should / must / musn't* use your mobiles in class.

6. You should / shouldn't / must clear your desk before you go home.

Đáp án:

1. shouldn't	2. shouldn't	3. shouldn't
4. must	5. mustn't	6. should

Exercise 2

Find and correct the mistakes in the sentences.

1. We used to playing hide and seek at school after lunch.

2. Quang uses to build things when he was in kindergarten.

3. Nga didn't used to take a nap after lunch, but now she does.

4. Minh used to play computer games after school, but now he often plays with his friends.

5. Dương didn't use to act in plays at primary school, but now she was a member of her school drama club.

6. Dũng doesn't use to read a lot, but now it is his favourite free time activity.

Đáp án:

1. We used to **play** hide and seek at school after lunch.

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6. Dũng **didn't** use to read a lot, but now it is his favourite free time activity.

Exercise 3

Choose the correct option.

1. *Although / Despite* it is 9.00 a.m., only a few shops are open.

2. I like my jeans *although / despite* they are very cheap.

3. *Despite / Although* being tired, Nga came to my birthday party.

4. *In spite of / Although* Chi comes from a rich family, she is very nice to us.

5. Mr.Long runs a newsagent's near our school *in spite of / although* his age.

Đáp án:

| 1. Although | 2. altough | 3. Despite | 4. Although | 5. in spite of |

Exercise 4

Complete the message with be going to or Present Continuous form of the verbs.

| cook | buy | have | go | do (x2) | play | help |

Hi Minh,

This is just a quick note about arranging to meet next week. I [1]_____ piano lessons after school on Monday and Friday. On Tuesday, I [2]_____my sister cook dinner. On Wednesday, I [3]_____ shopping with my grandpa at 5.00 p.m. He [4]_____ me a birthday present and he wants me to choose it. Then on Thursday, I [5]_____ basketball for one hour in the school team. How about Friday? [6]_____you [7]_____ anything on Friday after school? We can buy Lan a birthday present at the shopping centre near our school. Please, let me know if you are free this Friday.

Now, I [8]_____ some noodles as I'm hungry.

Speak soon

Đáp án:

| 1. I'm having | 2. am helping | 3. am going | 4. is going to buy |

| 5. am playing | 6. Are you | 7. going to do | 8. am cooking |

Exercise 5

Choose the correct answer.

1. I was *surprising / surprised* by the race result.

2. I'm watching an *exciting / excited* race on TV at the moment.

3. This is the most *interesting / interested* football match I have ever watched.

4. I feel *tiring / tired* when travelling by ship.

5. Colourful costumes at the festival are *fascinating / fascinated*.

Đáp án:

| 1. surprised | 2. exciting | 3. interesting | 4. tired | 5. fascinating |

Exercise 6

Complete the sentences with the correct connectors *however, nevertheless, despite, although*.

1. Their team has got the best players. _____, they lost the game.

2. I've never been to Brazil, _____ having relatives there.

3. Chi loves playing sports; _____, she's not very good at it.

4. I enjoyed the show; _____, my brother didn't like it very much.

5. _____ we are good friends; we don't meet very often.

Đáp án:

| 1. However | 2. despite | 3. nevertheless | 4. nevertheless | 5. Although |

Exercise 7

Complete the following texts about the future using will / will not and the correct words from the list.

| be | use | travel | not drive | not pollute | study | not go |

In 2330, the world [1] _____ very different from today's world. People [2] _____ cars. They [3] _____ by boat, submarine, and hot-air balloon. Children [4] _____ to school. They [5] _____ at home with computers. We [6] _____ energy from the sun, the wind, and the sea, so we [7] _____ the environment.

Đáp án:

| 1. will be | 2. will not drive | 3. will travel | 4. will not go |
| 5. will study | 6. will use | 7. will not pollute | |

Exercise 8

Join the sentences halves together to make complete sentences.

1. Future cars will be

2. Travelling by train is

3. Our rail network will be

4. This red car is not

5. Electric buses are

6. This car may travel

A. not as fast as travelling by planes.

B. different from today's cars. They will not use fossil fuels.

C. as fast as the sound.

D. different from electric cars in that they can carry more people.

E. as expensive as the blue one.

F. different from the current one. More train networks will be built.

Đáp án:

1. B	2. A	3. F
4. E	5. D	6. C

III. Ngữ âm

Exercise 1

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. ano<u>th</u>er   B. fa<u>th</u>er   C. toge<u>th</u>er   D. any<u>th</u>ing

2. A. <u>th</u>at   B. <u>th</u>ing   C. too<u>th</u>   D. <u>th</u>ought

3. A. <u>st</u>amp   B. <u>st</u>ick   C. li<u>st</u>en   D. <u>st</u>op

4. A. <u>sk</u>ip   B. <u>sk</u>ate   C. <u>sk</u>irt   D. <u>sl</u>eep

Exercise 2

Choose the word whose main stress is different from the others.

5. A. apple   B. happy   C. little   D. begin

6. A. traffic   B. agree   C. produce   D. prepare

7. A. energy   B. exciting   C. quietly   D. hospital

8. A. battery   B. precaution   C. vehicle   D. accident

Đáp án:

1. D	2. A	3. C	4. D
5. D	6. A	7. B	8. B