

ĐỀ THI HỌC KÌ 2 – ĐỀ SỐ 2

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 11 ENGLISH DISCOVERY



BIÊN SOẠN: BAN CHUYÊN MÔN LOIGIAIHAY.COM

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

1. A. traffic B. evade C. holidaymaker D. transportation
 2. A. barefoot B. shampoo C. smoothie D. toothpaste

Choose the word that has a different stressed syllable from the rest.

3. A. shampoo B. pocket C. withdraw D. control
 4. A. vertical B. residence C. suspicion D. energy
 5. A. sustainable B. technology C. amenity D. transportation

II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the following sentences.

6. I'm _____ stuck in the traffic jams. The streets are too crowded.
 A. having B. getting C. doing D. playing
7. I think in the future, city dwellers will live close to modern _____.
 A. amenities B. buildings C. computers D. helicopters
8. My best friend insisted on _____ out.
 A. moving B. move C. have moved D. moved
9. Volunteers can give a _____ hand in the school's project.
 A. flying B. making C. helping D. living
10. By 2050, we _____ well-developed infrastructure in the country.
 A. have had B. will have C. will be having D. will have had
11. Financial _____ skills are necessary if one wants to live independently.
 A. control B. management C. strength D. independence
12. Đà Nẵng must be one of the most _____ places in Vietnam.
 A. brain B. blood C. vertical D. liveable
13. It's high time you _____ the books you have borrowed.
 A. returned B. have returned C. return D. returning
14. Underprivileged children _____ with quality education.
 A. provided B. provide C. will be provided D. will have provided
15. Ms Hoa _____ a new burglar alarm installed yesterday. She was out of town.
 A. couldn't have had B. can't have had C. might have had D. mustn't have had

Write the correct forms of the words in brackets.

16. No one knows who pays John's _____ costs. (MEDICINE)

17. Projects are carried out to protect the _____ of Australian coral reefs. (DIVERSE)
18. It is not your parents' _____ to make the bed for you, Nick. (RESPONSIBLE)
19. _____ works help young people increase their sense of purpose. (VOLUNTEER)
20. Mushrooms and bacteria are examples of _____ materials. (BIOLOGY)

III. READING

Read the text and circle A, B, C or D to fill in the blanks.

Volunteer Work.

Australians spend an incredible 700 million hours volunteering every year. Research suggests that volunteering can have a (21) _____ impact not only on those in need but on your own wellbeing too. In fact, a recent study showed that volunteers were 42% more likely to say they were very happy than those who did not participate in volunteer work.

Despite technology making it easier than ever for us to (22) _____ with others, many people are still lacking meaningful relationships to provide a true sense of meaning to their lives. Volunteering addresses our need to belong and creates a human connection which can then translate to quality friendships, learning opportunities and even the chance to mentor others. (23) _____ can also prevent loneliness by getting us out of the house and offering a sense of purpose and routine. As a consequence, it's not uncommon to find a renewed sense of meaning by devoting time to help others.

Volunteering is a great way to stay physically active and healthy. Whether you're volunteering outdoors to (24) _____ the environment, visiting people at different locations or filling care packages for people in need, doing good for the community can certainly come with physical health benefits. Making the effort to head out into the community has been shown to lower your risk of heart disease, and even reduce the risk of premature death, with a study showing that volunteers has a lower mortality rate (25) _____ non-volunteers. The study also showed that 68% of volunteers agreed that helping others made them feel physically healthier.

(Word count: 260, Adapt from this link)

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|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 21. A. negative | B. healthy | C. positive | D. extreme |
| 22. A. enjoy | B. celebrate | C. associate | D. connect |
| 23. A. Working | B. Helping | C. Managing | D. Volunteering |
| 24. A. conserve | B. develop | C. green | D. build |
| 25. A. either | B. and | C. than | D. from |

Read the text about **An Amazing Walk**. Choose the answer, A, B or C, which correctly completes the sentence.

AN AMAZING WALK

School textbooks are full of stories about Columbus and Magellan and their journeys across the world. Perhaps Dave Kunst should be in there too. On June 20th, 1970, Dave and his brother John left their home in Minnesota on foot, with their mule, Willie Makeit.

On October 5th, 1974, Dave returned home after walking all the way round the world. But, was he the first person to do this? George Schilling walked from 1897 to 1904 but no one is sure if he walked the whole way or not. Dumitru Dan, from Romania, certainly walked around the world between 1911 and 1923 but he had to stop for several years because of the First World War. Dave was the first person to complete the whole walk in one journey and that's why he is the most famous of the three.

Dave walked a total of 23,255 km through 13 countries. To start, Dave and John walked east to New York and then flew across the Atlantic to Lisbon in Portugal. From there, they walked across Europe, into Turkey where they entered Asia. In Afghanistan, bandits attacked the two brothers with guns. Sadly, John was badly shot and died and Dave spent four months in hospital recovering. When he was better, his other brother, Peter, came to join him and they continued into Pakistan and the famous Khyber Pass. They crossed India to Calcutta and from there crossed the Indian Ocean to Australia. They had to leave Willie Makeit behind because animals can't enter Australia but, when they arrived in Perth, the Australians gave them a new mule.

Halfway across Australia, Peter had to return home to work and Dave was alone but he soon met a school teacher called Jenni who travelled with him all the way to Sydney. Dave said goodbye to her there and took his final flight to California. From there it was an 'easy' 2,500 km home on his own! The story has a happy ending. Soon after he finished the walk, Dave returned to Australia and, a year later, he and Jenni got married.

(Adapt from Focus 2, Unit 7.2. Reading)

26. Dumitru Dan is not called the first man who walked round the world because _____.

- A. no one knows if he finished B. he took too long to do it C. he didn't do it in one journey

27. Dave walked _____.

- A. from west to east
B. through every country in the world
C. further than Dumitru Dan

28. Dave first said goodbye to _____.

- A. Jenni B. Willie Makeit C. Peter

29. The furthest that Dave walked alone was _____.

- A. in Australia B. in the USA C. in Asia

30. Dave and Jenni got married in _____.

- A. Australia B. Minesota C. Dave's homeland

IV. LISTENING

You will hear three conversations. Choose the answer, A, B, C or D, which correctly completes the sentence.

31. The speaker is _____.

- A. criticising people for wasting time on the Internet
B. encouraging younger people to learn from the older generation
C. blaming teenagers for their lack of skills

D. pointing out ways you can use the Internet to your advantage

32. Which sentence best describes the situation?

A. Beth shows her grandfather how to open an attachment.

B. Beth attaches the photos to her email.

C. Beth finds the photos her grandfather has downloaded.

D. Beth discovers why her grandfather is confused.

33. The speaker says that Michael's mother should _____.

A. encourage him to change his diet

B. be happy with his current weight

C. be worried because of a recent weight gain

D. try to lose as much weight as possible

34. Before her illness, Sally _____.

A. was eating unhealthy food

B. was suffering from insomnia

C. wasn't doing any exercise

D. was eating healthy food

35. _____ is said by the doctor to be the only healthy thing Sally does.

A. Walking

B. Running

C. Dancing

D. Playing

V. WRITING

Use the word in capitals to rewrite the sentences. Do not change the given word.

36. My friend borrowed nearly 5 books from the library. (HAD)

→ _____.

37. Petrol and coal are not biological materials. (NEITHER)

→ _____.

38. It is possible that my mother leaves her phone at her office. (MAY)

→ _____.

39. He felt much relieved after he had visited his grandfather. (HAVING)

→ _____.

40. You should study now. Your exam is tomorrow. (BETTER)

→ _____.

-----THE END-----